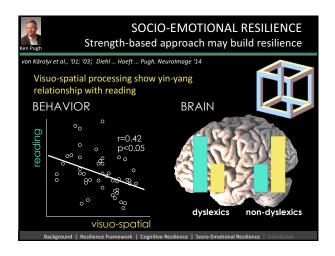
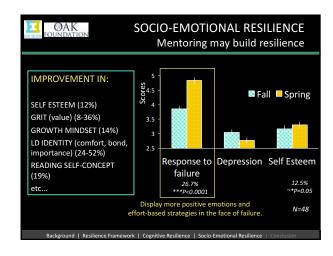
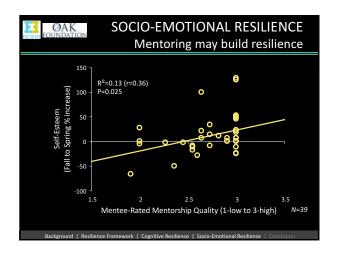
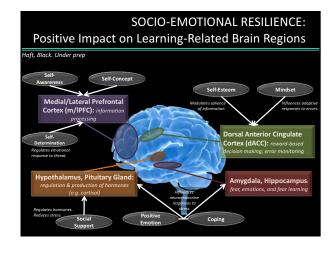


SOCIO-EMOTIONAL RESILIENCE Building Resilience Against Stereotype Threat Reframing the task (e.g. Quinn & Spencer, 2001) De-emphasizing threatened social identities (e.g. Stricker and Ward, 2004) Role models (e.g. Blanton et al., 2000) External attributions for difficulty (e.g. Good et al, 2003) Self-affirmations (e.g. Schimel et al., 2004) Growth mindset (e.g. Aronson et al., 2002)









Socio-emotional character traits impact learning related brain mechanisms. Large individual differences. Understanding these differences are important (Learner Positional System [LPS]). Opportunity for personalized learning. Stereotype threat may exist that impede on learning but can be minimized in the classroom. Potential for taking a strength-based approach. Mentoring potentially builds resilience.

